

JUNIOR SPA THERAPIST

Sample Question Paper B&WSSC



SAMPLE QUESTION PAPER

Beauty & Wellness Sector Skill Council
Qualification Name: Junior Spa Therapist

QP Code: BWS/Q1001

NSQF Level: 3

Assessment Type: Sample Question Paper

Assessment Structure

Component	Marks
Theory	43
Practical	68
Viva	39
Total	150

SECTION A – THEORY

Total Questions: 30

Time Allowed: 45 Minutes
Total Theory Marks: 43

Instructions

- 1. All questions are compulsory.
- 2. Choose the most appropriate answer for each question.
- 3. Use of unfair means is strictly prohibited.

Multiple Choice Questions

- 1. Why is it important to prepare the spa work area before services?
 - a) Decoration
 - b) Hygiene, safety and smooth service delivery
 - c) Reduce time
 - d) Improve fragrance
- 2. Which item should be used for sterilising spa tools?
 - a) Plain water
 - b) Approved disinfectant solution
 - c) Soap only
 - d) Perfume
- 3. Which waste should be disposed of as hazardous waste?
 - a) Paper
 - b) Used disposable gloves and masks
 - c) Plastic bottles
 - d) Towels



- 4. Why should electrical equipment be switched off when not in use?
 - a) Save electricity only
 - b) Prevent accidents and equipment damage
 - c) Reduce noise
 - d) Improve appearance
- 5. What is the purpose of a foot ritual before spa services?
 - a) Decoration
 - b) Relaxation and hygiene
 - c) Nail cutting
 - d) Drying feet
- 6. Why is client consultation important before spa services?
 - a) Billing
 - b) Identify contraindications and comfort needs
 - c) Decoration
 - d) Save time
- 7. Which product is commonly used for massage?
 - a) Water
 - b) Massage oil or cream
 - c) Shampoo
 - d) Alcohol
- 8. Why should a client never be left unattended during a spa service?
 - a) Time management
 - b) Client safety and comfort
 - c) Decoration
 - d) Cost saving
- 9. What is exfoliation mainly used for?
 - a) Hair growth
 - b) Remove dead skin cells
 - c) Nail care
 - d) Muscle building
- 10. Which material may be used for body wrap services?
 - a) Paper
 - b) Foil or plastic wrap
 - c) Cotton only
 - d) Towel
- 11. Why should hands be sanitised before every spa service?
 - a) Habit
 - b) Prevent cross infection
 - c) Save product
 - d) Client demand



- 12. Which condition is a contraindication for massage?
 - a) Healthy skin
 - b) Open wounds or infections
 - c) Normal fatigue
 - d) Dry skin
- 13. Why should PPE be used when required?
 - a) Decoration
 - b) Safety and hygiene
 - c) Speed
 - d) Marketing
- 14. What should be done if a client feels discomfort during service?
 - a) Ignore
 - b) Stop service and inform supervisor
 - c) Continue
 - d) Speed up
- 15. Why is client privacy important during spa services?
 - a) Decoration
 - b) Ethical and professional practice
 - c) Speed
 - d) Time saving
- 16. What reflects professional behaviour in a spa?
 - a) Casual language
 - b) Polite communication and clean appearance
 - c) Silence
 - d) Informal attitude
- 17. Why is record keeping important in spa services?
 - a) Decoration
 - b) Track services and client safety
 - c) Marketing only
 - d) Speed
- 18. How should client dissatisfaction be handled?
 - a) Ignore
 - b) Resolve politely or escalate
 - c) Argue
 - d) End service
- 19. What is effective communication?
 - a) Loud talking
 - b) Clear and respectful interaction
 - c) Silence
 - d) Instructions only



- 20. Why is teamwork important in a spa?
 - a) Reduce responsibility
 - b) Smooth service delivery
 - c) Competition
 - d) Speed only
- 21. Why should products be used economically?
 - a) Decoration
 - b) Reduce wastage and cost
 - c) Increase speed
 - d) Improve colour
- 22. What creates a positive first impression on clients?
 - a) Expensive products
 - b) Grooming, hygiene and polite behaviour
 - c) Silence
 - d) Speed
- 23. What is the role of a Junior Spa Therapist?
 - a) Perform advanced therapies independently
 - b) Assist senior therapist and provide basic services
 - c) Only cleaning
 - d) Reception work
- 24. Why is after-care advice important?
 - a) Formality
 - b) Maintain results and client safety
 - c) Decoration
 - d) Reduce repeat visits
- 25. Which spa service helps relaxation the most?
 - a) Massage
 - b) Nail cutting
 - c) Hair drying
 - d) Filing
- 26. What should be done after completing a spa service?
 - a) Leave area messy
 - b) Clean and disinfect work area
 - c) Store products openly
 - d) Ignore waste
- 27. Why should contra-indications be identified?
 - a) Pricing
 - b) Client safety
 - c) Decoration
 - d) Speed



- 28. What should be done with unused disposable items?
 - a) Throw anywhere
 - b) Store properly in designated area
 - c) Reuse
 - d) Give to client
- 29. Why should digital payment modes be promoted?
 - a) Decoration
 - b) Reduce physical contact and infection risk
 - c) Speed billing
 - d) Marketing only
- 30. What is ethical practice in spa services?
 - a) Force selling
 - b) Respect client safety, consent and dignity
 - c) High pricing
 - d) Speed focus



SECTION B - PRACTICAL

Total Marks: 68

Practical Tasks (Any One / Combination)

- 1. Prepare and Maintain Spa Work Area
- 2. Foot Ritual and Client Preparation
- 3. Assist in Massage / Exfoliation / Body Wrap
- 4. Dry Brushing or Mask Application
- 5. Post-Service Clean-up and Waste Disposal

SECTION C – VIVA VOCE

Total Marks: 39

Viva Questions

- 1. Why is hygiene important in spa services?
- 2. What are contraindications in massage?
- 3. Why should clients not be left unattended?
- 4. What creates a positive impression in a spa?
- 5. Why is after-care advice necessary?

END OF QUESTION PAPER

Note:

This question paper is also available in the following regional languages:

Assamese, Bengali, Gujarati, Hindi, Kannada, Malayalam, Marathi, Odia, Punjabi, Tamil and Telugu.