

SENIOR YOGA INSTRUCTOR (B&W)

Sample Question Paper B&WSSC



SAMPLE QUESTION PAPER

Beauty & Wellness Sector Skill Council

Qualification Name: Senior Yoga Instructor (B&W)

QP Code: BWS/Q2205 NSQF Level: 5.5

Assessment Type: Sample Question Paper

Assessment Structure

Component	Marks
Theory	200
Practical	280
Viva	120
Total	600

SECTION A – THEORY

Total Questions: 30

Time Allowed: 45 Minutes
Total Theory Marks: 200

Instructions

- 1. All questions are compulsory.
- 2. Choose the most appropriate answer for each question.
- 3. Use of unfair means is strictly prohibited.

Multiple Choice Questions

- 1. Why is ambient condition important before conducting yoga sessions?
 - a) Decoration
 - b) Client comfort and safety
 - c) Marketing
 - d) Time saving
- 2. Which practice helps prevent cross-infection in the work area?
 - a) Rearranging mats
 - b) Sterilisation and waste segregation
 - c) Music control
 - d) Attendance checking
- 3. What is the role of opening and closure in advanced yoga sessions?
 - a) Entertainment
 - b) Mental centring and session integration
 - c) Physical warm-up only
 - d) Time management



- 4. Which skill is most important while training yoga instructors?
 - a) Speed
 - b) Adaptive teaching methodology
 - c) Authority
 - d) Strict discipline
- 5. Why is guest intake assessment important?
 - a) Documentation only
 - b) Identify goals, limitations and conditions
 - c) Marketing
 - d) Time saving
- 6. Advanced yoga sessions primarily aim to:
 - a) Increase flexibility only
 - b) Enhance holistic wellbeing and self-awareness
 - c) Build muscle
 - d) Weight loss
- 7. Sukshma vyayama is mainly used for:
 - a) Relaxation
 - b) Joint loosening and circulation
 - c) Meditation
 - d) Strength training
- 8. Which practice combines breath, posture and awareness?
 - a) Kriya
 - b) Asana
 - c) Pranayama
 - d) Integrated Hatha Yoga
- 9. Why are bandhas practiced?
 - a) Decoration
 - b) Energy control and stability
 - c) Entertainment
 - d) Flexibility only
- 10. Which principle ensures safe advanced hatha yoga practice?
 - a) Overstretching
 - b) Contraindication awareness
 - c) Speed
 - d) Repetition
- 11. The main benefit of face yoga is:
 - a) Skin whitening
 - b) Improved tone, circulation and relaxation
 - c) Muscle hypertrophy
 - d) Fat gain



- 12. Why should face yoga movements be gentle?
 - a) Time constraint
 - b) Prevent muscle strain and skin damage
 - c) Discipline
 - d) Speed
- 13. Hydration before and after face yoga helps in:
 - a) Detoxification and elasticity
 - b) Weight gain
 - c) Muscle growth
 - d) Fat reduction
- 14. Corporate yoga mainly addresses:
 - a) Competition
 - b) Workplace stress and posture issues
 - c) Muscle building
 - d) Sports training
- 15. Chair yoga is suitable for:
 - a) Outdoor sessions
 - b) Office environments
 - c) Meditation retreats
 - d) Sports academies
- 16. Why should corporate yoga sessions be time-efficient?
 - a) Cost reduction
 - b) Match workplace schedules
 - c) Marketing
 - d) Discipline
- 17. Mindful eating focuses on:
 - a) Quantity of food
 - b) Awareness of food and body signals
 - c) Fasting
 - d) Diet restriction
- 18. Meditation helps primarily in:
 - a) Muscle growth
 - b) Mental clarity and emotional balance
 - c) Weight gain
 - d) Competition
- 19. Contraindication screening is required to:
 - a) Save time
 - b) Prevent injury and health risks
 - c) Discipline clients
 - d) Reduce workload



- 20. What should a trainer do during discomfort reported by a guest?
 - a) Ignore
 - b) Modify or stop the practice
 - c) Increase intensity
 - d) Continue session
- 21. Professional appearance helps in:
 - a) Branding
 - b) Building trust and credibility
 - c) Entertainment
 - d) Authority
- 22. Ethical practice in yoga means:
 - a) Forcing practice
 - b) Respecting client limits and consent
 - c) Speed focus
 - d) High pricing
- 23. Why is documentation important for trainers?
 - a) Decoration
 - b) Progress tracking and compliance
 - c) Marketing
 - d) Time saving
- 24. Teamwork in wellness centres ensures:
 - a) Competition
 - b) Smooth service delivery
 - c) Authority
 - d) Discipline
- 25. Continuous learning helps trainers to:
 - a) Reduce workload
 - b) Stay updated and effective
 - c) Avoid supervision
 - d) Increase fees
- 26. Which yoga component balances body and mind?
 - a) Asana only
 - b) Integrated practice
 - c) Stretching
 - d) Strength training
- 27. Why is cool-down important?
 - a) Increase heart rate
 - b) Gradual relaxation and recovery
 - c) Strength
 - d) Speed



- 28. Yogic counselling mainly supports:
 - a) Physical fitness
 - b) Mental and emotional wellbeing
 - c) Competition
 - d) Marketing
- 29. Advanced yoga training differs from basic yoga by:
 - a) Speed
 - b) Depth, adaptation and teaching skills
 - c) Simplicity
 - d) Repetition
- 30. Yoga philosophy emphasizes:
 - a) Competition
 - b) Harmony of body, mind and soul
 - c) Strength
 - d) Speed





SECTION B - PRACTICAL

Total Marks: 280

Practical Tasks (NOS-based)

- 1. Prepare and maintain yoga work area
- 2. Conduct an advanced yoga session (asana, pranayama, relaxation)
- 3. Demonstrate advanced hatha yoga techniques
- 4. Conduct face yoga session
- 5. Conduct a corporate yoga module
- 6. Demonstrate meditation / mindful practice
- 7. Safety handling and professional conduct

SECTION C – VIVA VOCE

Total Marks: 120

Indicative Viva Questions

- 1. Explain the importance of intake assessment in advanced yoga.
- 2. Difference between basic and advanced hatha yoga.
- 3. Role of yoga philosophy in modern wellness.
- 4. Contraindications in advanced yoga practices.
- 5. Benefits of corporate yoga for employees.

END OF QUESTION PAPER

Note:

This question paper is also available in the following regional languages:

Assamese, Bengali, Gujarati, Hindi, Kannada, Malayalam, Marathi, Odia, Punjabi, Tamil and Telugu.